MASSACHUSETTS RESIDENTS

	INJURY INTENT							
INJURY CAUSE	Intentional Intentional		Undeter- Other &		Total	Percent	Rate per	
	Uninten- tional	Self- inflicted	Assault	Undeter- mined	Legal ¹	Number	of Total	100,000 ²
Cut/pierce	325	2	76	1	1	405	1.1	6.3
Drowning/submersion	8	0	0	0		8	< .1	0.1
Fall	15,563	3	1	3		15,570	43.2	242.0
Fire/burn	111	0	0	0		111	0.3	1.7
Fire/flame	3	0	0	0		3	< .1	
Hot object/substance	108	0	0	0		108	0.3	1.7
Firearm	3	0	7	0	0	10	< .1	0.2
Machinery	30					30	0.1	0.5
Natural/Environmental	58	0		0		58	0.2	0.9
Dog bites	13					13	< .1	0.2
Other bites & stings	10					10	< .1	0.2
All other (e.g. extreme cold)	35	0		0		35	0.1	0.5
Overexertion	74					74	0.2	1.2
Poisoning	33	5	1	9	0	48	0.1	0.7
Struck by, against	6,777		2,230		27	9,034	25.1	140.4
Suffocation	0	0	2	1		3	< .1	
Transport-related Injuries	8,156	5	2	0	0	8,163	22.7	126.9
Motor vehicle traffic-related	7,043					7,043	19.6	109.5
Occupant	6,151					6,151	17.1	95.6
Motorcyclist	157					157	0.4	2.4
Pedal cyclist	120					120	0.3	1.9
Pedestrian	335					335	0.9	5.2
Unspecified person	258					258	0.7	4.0
Other person	22					22	0.1	0.3
Pedal cyclist, other	662					662	1.8	10.3
Pedestrian, other	23					23	0.1	0.4
Transportation, other	428					428	1.2	6.7
Other-specified & classifiable	168	0	106	2	1	277	0.8	4.3
Human bites	2		20			22	0.1	0.3
Non-powder gun (BB, pellet)	3	0	0	2	0	5	< .1	0.1
Other specified & classifiable	163	0	86	0	1	250	0.7	3.9
Other specified, not classifiable	104	13	539	5	1	662	1.8	10.3
Unspecified	640	2	307	21	4	974	2.7	15.1
Adverse effects ³						17	< .1	0.3
No cause or intent provided						569	1.6	8.8
TOTALS	32,050	30	3,271	42	34	36,013	100%	559.8
RATE BY INTENT/per 100,000	498.2	0.5	50.8	0.7	0.5	_		

Source: MA Emergency Department Discharge Database, MA Division of Health Care, Finance and Policy.

- —Analysis is based on a fiscal year (Oct 1, 2002 Sep 30, 2003).
- —Only Massachusetts residents with valid zip codes (01001-02791, 05501, 05544) are included in this analysis.
- —ED injury cases subsequently dying in the hospital are excluded from this analysis.
- —Population data used to calculate rates are based on 2003 population estimates generated by the US Census Bureau (www.census.gov/popest/states/asrh/files/SC-EST2003-race6-AL_MO.csv).
- —Data were extracted and compiled by the Injury Surveillance Program, Center for Health Information, Statistics, Research and Evaluation, MDPH, Revised February 2005.

¹ Legal Intervention includes injuries resulting from police actions and operations of war.

² Rates are not calculated on counts of less than five. Rates that are based on counts less than twenty may be unstable.

³ Adverse Effects can be related to medical and surgical care procedures, or to the use of therapeutic substances (including allergic reactions).

[—]An emergency department injury discharge is defined as any case having an ICD9-CM Nature of Injury Code of 800-999 assigned to any of the ICD9 diagnosis fields [cases having the following codes are excluded if no other valid ICD9-CM code is assigned: Certain Adverse Effects (995.0-995.4, 995.6, 995.7, 995.86, 995.89), Complications of Surgical & Medical Care (996-999), and certain Late Effects (909.3, 909.5)]

[—]Categories and groupings are based on a modified version of the CDC's "Recommended framework of E-code groupings for presenting injury mortality and morbidity data." This framework does not provide for intentionality for certain cause categories as indicated by gray shading.

[—]Injury subcategories are italicized.